Unit Topic: Measurement

Standards:

SOL 5.11 – Solve practical problems related to elapsed time in hours and minutes within a 24-hour period. SOL 5.9 – Identify equivalent measurements within the metric system and solve practical problems involving length, mass, and liquid volume using metric units. SOL 5.8 a and b – Solve practical problems that involve perimeter, area and volume and identify whether the application of the concept of perimeter, area, or volume is appropriate for a given situation.

Unit Essential Question: How can measurement be used to solve practical problems?

Unit Dates: Jan. 3 - Feb. 8

Assessment Date: Feb. 5

Duration: 20 days

Lesson 1 Focus Elapsed Time	Students Will Be Able To - Solve practical problems related to elapsed time in hours and minutes within a 24-hour period when given: the beginning and end time, the beginning time and elapsed time, or ending time and elapsed time.	Lesson Essential Question 1 How do I determine elapsed time in hours and minutes?
Standards (calculator) SOL 5.11 – Elapsed Time		
Students Will Know - elapsed time is the amount of time that has passed between two given times. -elapsed time can be found by counting from the beginning time or counting back from the end time.		
Key Content Vocabulary elapsed time, digital clock, analog clock, A.M., P.M. Key Academic Vocabulary solve, determine, justify		
Lesson 2 Focus Metric Measurement	Students Will Be Able To - Identify equivalent measurements within the metric system for length, mass, and liquid volume. - Estimate and measure length, mass, and liquid volume (capacity) using the metric system to solve practical problems.	Lesson Essential Question 2
Sol 5.9 – Metric Measurement		How do I measure and identify equivalent measurements of length, mass and liquid volume (capacity) using the metric system?
 Students Will Know metric units of length include millimeters, centimeters, meters, and kilometers. metric units of mass include grams and kilograms. metric units of liquid volume include milliliters and liters. 		
Key Content Vocabulary metric system, length, mass, liquid volume (capacity) Key Academic Vocabulary identify, estimate, measure, solve, convert, reasonable		
Lesson 3 Focus Perimeter, Area and Volume	 Students Will Be Able To Solve practical problems that involve perimeter, area, and volume in standard units of measure. Determine the perimeter of a polygon, with or without diagrams. Estimate and determine the area of a square and rectangle Estimate and determine the area of a right triangle, with diagrams, when the base and height are given. Estimate and determine the volume of rectangular prisms with diagrams. 	Lesson Essential Question 3 How do I determine if a problem situation requires finding the perimeter, area, or volume and use a formula to solve them?
Sol 5.8 a and b – Perimeter, Area, and Volume		
 Students Will Know perimeter is the distance around any plane figure. area is measured by the number of square units needed to cover a surface or plane figure. volume is a measure of capacity and is measured in cubic units. the formula for perimeter, area, and volume. 		
Key Content Vocabulary perimeter, area, volume, square units, cubic units, formula, rectangular prism, plane figure, polygon Key Academic Vocabulary determine, estimate, solve, investigate		